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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/966,704	09/28/2001	Tetsujiro Kondo	450100-03501	6412
	7590 05/14/200 AWRENCE & HAUG	EXAMINER		
745 FIFTH AV	ENUE- 10TH FL.		SALTARELLI, DOMINIC D	
NEW YORK, I	NY 10151		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2623	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/14/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/966,704	KONDO ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
DOMINIC D. SALTARELLI	2623	

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 30 April 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR AI	LOWANCE.	
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C 	the same day as filing a Notice of a replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
periods: a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire te	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	n.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f		FIRST REPLY WAS FIL	LED WITHIN TWO
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of thes set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earmed patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1: ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origi than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the property of the pr	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS			
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection, to the proposed amendment (s) filed after a final rejection (s) filed after a file	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);	
 (c) They are not deemed to place the application in beti appeal; and/or 	ter form for appeal by materially red	lucing or simplifying th	ne issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: . (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	cted claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21 See attached Notice of Non-Co	mnliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324)
Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		inplicant Americanient (i	101-324).
No. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		be entered and an ex	xplanation of
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: 1-17 and 19-25. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.
The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).		
13. Other:			
/John W. Miller/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2623			

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: First, applicant argues that Kimpara does not describe detecting motion vectors of individual audience members, stating that Kimpara's first embodiment is only applicable to a single object (applicant's remarks, page 14, last paragraph and page 17, last paragraph).

In response, the image data for which motion vectors are calculated (Kimpara, col. 4, liens 48-68) is applied to an entire audience (Kimpara, col. 5, lines 45-56 and col. 7, lines 43-51).

thereby enable the audience to influence the display of subsequent images."

Second, applicant argues that knowledge of a currently playing scene is immaterial to the way in which Hennes controls his display (thus no auxiliary information indicative of a scene, applicant's remarks, pages 16-17).

In response, Hennes makes it quite clear that the information received from the audience has a direct effect upon the flow of the presentation of content to the audience, and suggesting the Hennes system performs otherwise is unreasonable. See Hennes, col. 6, lines 41-45. The show control system 500 may alter the display of the proraam in accordance with the data derivem these sensors \$10, to

Third, applicant argues that there is no suggestion to use the point of foveation or any element in Deering's gaze tracking unit to detect the response sate of an audience (applicant's remarks, page 17).

In response, the examiner relies upon Deering to show it was know in the art to use load bearing sensor means to receive information regarding the state of audience members. Deering's gaze tracking mechanisms are not relevant to the outstanding rejection.

Fourth, applicant argues, regarding claims 7 and 21-25, that the claim limitation regarding responding to a specific audience response by type is not found in the rejection (applicant's remarks, pages 18-19 and 21).

type is not found in the rejection (applicant's remarks, pages 16-19 and 21).

In response, as noted in the rejection, one of the specific types of audience responses listed is "clapping", which is found in the Kimpara reference (col. 7, lines 43-51).

Fifth, applicant states that there is no motivation to use the stepping force detectors disclosed by Imagawa to indicate the response state of audience members (applicant's remarks, page 19). In response, the precedent is set by Hennes for the desirability for sensors which relay audience information. The motivation for using the

different types of sensors that were known in the art is thus provided by the Hennes reference.

Sixth, applicant argues that Lu is only concerned with accurately recognizing a single individual, not an entire audience (applicant's remarks, page 20).

In response, there is no limitation in Lu which restricts the monitoring using the disclosed cameras to a single individual, Lu simply teaches the cameras are mounted within a household environment. Further, the reason Lu is introduced is to improve the performance of the cameras disclosed by the combination of Hennes and Kimpara by filtering out sources of interference.

Seventh, applicant argues that there is no motivation to combine the Stevenson reference with the proposed combination, stating that Stevenson is only concerned with recognizing voice commands (applicant's remarks, page 20).

In response, the audio filtering of Stevenson is concerned specifically with identifying human voices from input picked via a microphone. Hennes establishes that audience information of interest are the sounds made by the audience, which are human voices.

Similarly, for applicant's last argument regarding the lack of motivation of the King reference, the same line of reasoning applies, as King's filters are specifically tailored to pass sounds in the human voice range and block others..